

Rate of Complexes	Width of PEA Complexes	
	<p style="text-align: center;">Narrow</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(More likely to have non-cardiac etiology with low volumes or vascular tone)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Wide</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(More likely due to cardiac etiology or drugs/electrolytes)</p>
Fast (>60bpm)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypovolemia • Shock • Cardiac tamponade • Massive PE 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unstable VT • Unstable wide-complex tach • Electrolytes (K, Ca) • Acute Coronary Syndromes
Slow (<60bpm)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypoxia • Acidosis 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drug OD, Toxicities • Electrolytes (K, Ca) • Acute Coronary Syndromes